

High Ercall Primary School



Online Safety Policy 23-24

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HIGH ERCALL PRIMARY SCHOOL CURRICULUM POLICY GUIDANCE FOR ONLINE SAFETY

RELATED POLICIES AND PROCEDURES THIS POLICY STATEMENT SHOULD BE READ ALONGSIDE OUR ORGANISATIONAL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES, INCLUDING:

- CHILD PROTECTION
- PROCEDURES FOR RESPONDING TO CONCERNS ABOUT A CHILD OR YOUNG PERSON'S WELLBEING
- DEALING WITH ALLEGATIONS OF ABUSE MADE AGAINST A CHILD OR YOUNG PERSON
- MANAGING ALLEGATIONS AGAINST STAFF AND VOLUNTEERS
- CODE OF CONDUCT FOR STAFF AND VOLUNTEERS
- ANTI-BULLYING POLICY AND PROCEDURES
- PHOTOGRAPHY AND IMAGE SHARING GUIDANCE

INTRODUCTION AND SUBJECT DEFINITION

Online safety encompasses internet technologies and electronic communications such as mobile phones and wireless technology. It highlights the need to educate children about the benefits and potential risks of using technology and provides safeguards and awareness for users to enable them to control their online experiences.

High Ercall Primary School has a whole school approach to the safe use of digital technology and creating this safe learning environment includes three main elements: - a robust provision of network and internet security (provided by Telford and Wrekin Council) - policies and procedures with clear roles and responsibilities and a comprehensive e-safety programme for pupils, staff and parents.

Why Is Internet Use Important?

Internet use is part of the statutory curriculum and a necessary tool for learning. It is an essential element in 21st century life for education, business, and social interaction. Access to the internet is therefore an entitlement for pupils who show a responsible and mature approach to its use and High Ercall has a duty to provide pupils with quality internet access. Many pupils will access the internet outside school and will need to learn how to evaluate online information and to take care of their own safety and security. At High Ercall, students learn how to conduct themselves respectfully online and keep themselves and others safe.

ONLINE SAFETY CURRICULUM

Risks of internet use

When planning an effective programme of study for e-safety it is important to consider the potential risks. The breadth of issues classified within online safety is considerable, but can be categorised into four areas of risk:

- **content:** being exposed to illegal, inappropriate or harmful material; for example pornography, fake news, racist or radical and extremist views;
- **contact:** being subjected to harmful online interaction with other users; for example commercial advertising as well as adults posing as children or young adults;
- **conduct:** personal online behaviour that increases the likelihood of, or causes, harm; for example making, sending and receiving explicit images, or online bullying; and
- **commerce:** risks such as online gambling, inappropriate advertising, phishing and or financial scams.

High Ercall School ensure our online safety curriculum is robust and carefully considers the safeguarding implications the online world poses. We recognise that a one size fits all approach may not be appropriate for all children, and a

more personalised or contextualised approach for more vulnerable children, victims of abuse and some SEND children might be needed.

Skills and Expectations

High Ercall has a clear, progressive e-safety education programme as part of the computing curriculum and PSHE curriculum. It is built on LA and E-literacy framework for EYFS to Y6 national guidance. This covers a range of skills and behaviours appropriate to their age and experience, including:

- To STOP and THINK before they CLICK.
- To develop a range of strategies to evaluate and verify information before accepting its accuracy.
- To be aware that the author of a web site / page may have a particular bias or purpose and to develop skills to recognise what that may be.
- To know how to narrow down or refine a search.
- (for older pupils) To understand how search engines work and to understand that this affects the results they see at the top of the listings.
- To understand acceptable behaviour when using an online environment / email, i.e. be polite, no bad or abusive language or other inappropriate behaviour, keeping personal information private.
- To understand how photographs can be manipulated and how web content can attract the wrong sort of attention.
- To understand why on-line 'friends' may not be who they say they are and to understand why they should be careful in online environments.
- To understand why they should not post or share detailed accounts of their personal lives, contact information, daily routines, location, photographs and videos and to know how to ensure they have turned-on privacy settings.
- To understand why they must not post photos or videos of others without their permission.
- To know not to download any files, such as music files, without permission.
- To have strategies for dealing with receipt of inappropriate materials.
- (for older pupils) To understand why and how some people will 'groom' young people for sexual reasons.
- (for older pupils) To understand that social media platforms can lead to victimisation, including sexual harassment.
- (for older pupils) To understand that social media can play a central role in bullying and harassment.
- To understand the impact of cyberbullying, sexting, and trolling and know how to seek help if they are affected by any form of online bullying.
- To know how to report any abuse including cyberbullying; and how to seek help if they experience problems when using the internet and related technologies, i.e. parent or carer, teacher or trusted staff member, or an organisation such as ChildLine or the CLICK CEOP button.

Our Aims

At High Ercall, we:

- Ensure that all children read and sign the Acceptable Use Agreement in school. A copy of this is displayed in the classroom and is used as a point of reference.
- Plan internet use carefully to ensure that it is age-appropriate and supports the learning objectives for specific curriculum areas.
- Use Thinkuknow, Project Evolve, Be Internet Legends and PSHE association to inform our e-safety planning.
- Ensure staff will model safe and responsible behaviour in their own use of technology during lessons.
- Ensure that when copying materials from the web, staff and pupils understand issues around plagiarism; how to check copyright and know that they must respect and acknowledge copyright / intellectual property rights.
- Ensure that staff and pupils understand the issues around aspects of the commercial use of the Internet, as age appropriate. This may include risks in popups, buying on-line, on-line gaming / gambling. If we feel our pupils, students or staff are at risk, this will be reported to the Anti-Phishing Working Group.

- Ensure parents are aware of e-safety safeguarding issues – both locally and nationally - through the use of the school weekly newsletter and parent workshops.

Responsibilities of staff

- All staff will be aware of systems within High Ercall School which support safeguarding and these will be explained to new staff as part of their induction, this will include the measures to prevent cyberbullying.
- All staff receive appropriate safeguarding and child protection training (including online safety) at induction. This training will be updated through regular staff meetings to provide them with relevant skills and knowledge to safeguard children effectively.
- All staff will be aware that technology is a significant component in many safeguarding and wellbeing issues. Children are at risk of abuse online as well as face to face. In many cases abuse will take place concurrently via online channels and in daily life.
- All staff will be aware of child on child abuse and that this can occur online, this can take the form of abusive, harassing and misogynistic messages, the non-consensually sharing of indecent images, especially around chat groups, and the sharing of abusive images and pornography, to those who do not want to receive such content.
- In all cases, if staff are unsure, they should always speak to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) or deputies.
- All staff will exercise professional curiosity and know what to look for as this is vital for the early identification of abuse and neglect. Therefore, all staff are able to identify cases of children who may be in need of help or protection.

Responsibilities of the governing body

Governing bodies and proprietors should ensure that, as part of the requirement for staff to undergo regular updated safeguarding training, including online safety and the requirement to ensure children are taught about safeguarding, including online safety, that safeguarding training for staff, including online safety training, is integrated, aligned and considered as part of the whole school or college safeguarding approach and wider staff training and curriculum planning.

The governing body should be doing all that they reasonably can to limit children's exposure to the risks from the school's IT system. As part of this process, the governing body should ensure the school has appropriate filters and monitoring systems in place. They should consider the age of our pupils, how many pupils are in school, how often IT systems are accessed and the costs versus risks. However, care should also be taken that filters and monitoring systems do not place unreasonable restrictions on what children can be taught about online safety.

Managing Internet Access

The internet is an open communication medium, available to everyone, at all times. Anyone can view information, send messages, discuss ideas, and publish material, which makes it both an invaluable resource for education as well as a potential risk to young people.

- Students will have supervised access to Internet resources through the school's fixed and mobile internet technology.
- Staff will preview any recommended sites before use.
- Staff and pupils are aware that school-based email and internet activity can be monitored and explored further if required.
- If staff or pupils discover an unsuitable site, the screen must be switched off/closed and the incident reported immediately to senior management. The unsuitable site must be reported to the internet provider (Telford and Wrekin Council) so it can be blocked. An incident like this should also be logged in the schools safeguarding and behaviour system (CPOMS).
- Children should only use messaging software if the teacher has allowed it and it is for educational purposes in a safe environment.

- Videos should be screened first by staff before being shown to children in lessons.
- Children can search for videos and images for educational purposes, but this must be done in a controlled environment.
- Anti-virus management is controlled and monitored by our internet and network provider, Telford and Wrekin Council.
- Acceptable use of the internet is monitored by online safety lead using SENSO and a log is kept of inappropriate use. Action is taken according to the behaviour policy and recorded on CPOMS.

Internet Filtering and monitoring

Internet filtering and monitoring is managed by our internet and network provider, Telford and Wrekin Council. This is set up as a two layer system.

- Access to certain sites is blocked through the T&W firewall. The school can request access to a site if through risk assessment it is deemed safe and it has been ‘overblocked’ by the firewall.
- Senso is a web based system which is set up by T&W and managed within school. This takes screen shots of any trigger words and is compiled into a weekly report which is sent to the Headteacher and IT Subject Lead. Trigger words are set up by Telford and Wrekin, but also amended by the school and reviewed annually to check their relevance and importance – especially if there is a series of false positive reports by a particular word.

We meet the digital and technology standards laid out by the DfE in the following ways:

Standard	Our actions
Identify and assign roles and responsibilities to manage your filtering and monitoring systems	<p>Telford and Wrekin Council have technical responsibility for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • maintaining filtering and monitoring systems • providing filtering and monitoring reports • completing actions following concerns or checks to systems <p>The designated safeguarding lead takes lead responsibility for</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • understanding the filtering and monitoring systems and processes in place • overseeing and acting upon filtering and monitoring reports, safeguarding concerns and checks to filtering and monitoring systems <p>The DSL / Computing Lead monitor the systems in school.</p> <p>Lead Governor: Fara Gater</p> <p>It is the responsibility of all teaching staff/teaching assistants to ensure that they observe throughout computing sessions.</p> <p>All staff will receive training on the expectations, roles and responsibilities in relation to filtering and monitoring.</p>

<p>Review your filtering and monitoring provision at least annually</p>	<p>The review will identify our current provision, any gaps and take account of the specific needs of our pupils and staff.</p> <p>Governing bodies and proprietors ensure that filtering and monitoring provision is reviewed, which can be part of a wider online safety review, at least annually.</p> <p>The review will be conducted by members of the senior leadership team, the designated safeguarding lead (DSL), and the IT service provider and involve the responsible governor.</p> <p>The results of the online safety review will be recorded for reference and made available to those entitled to inspect that information.</p> <p>The review will take place annually or when a safeguarding risk is identified, there is a change in working practice or if new technology is introduced.</p> <p>We use South-West Grid for Learning's (SWGfL) testing tool to check that our filtering system is blocking access to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • illegal child sexual abuse material • unlawful terrorist content • adult content
<p>Ensure your filtering system should block harmful and inappropriate content, without unreasonably impacting teaching and learning.</p>	<p>Our filtering provider is Smoothwall, through T&W Local Authority Internet Services.</p> <p>An effective filtering system needs to block internet access to harmful sites and inappropriate content. It should not:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • unreasonably impact teaching and learning or school administration • restrict students from learning how to assess and manage risk themselves <p>Our filtering provider is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a member of Internet Watch Foundation (IWF) • signed up to Counter-Terrorism Internet Referral Unit list (CTIRU) • blocking access to illegal content including child sexual abuse material (CSAM) <p>Our filtering system is operational, up to date and applied to all:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • users, including guest accounts • school owned devices • devices using the school broadband connection <p>Our filtering system:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • filters all internet feeds, including any backup connections • is age and ability appropriate for the users, and is suitable for educational settings

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • handles multilingual web content, images, common misspellings and abbreviations • identifies technologies and techniques that allow users to get around the filtering such as VPNs and proxy services and block them • provides alerts when any web content has been blocked <p>All staff are aware of reporting mechanisms for safeguarding and technical concerns. They should report if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • they witness or suspect unsuitable material has been accessed • they can access unsuitable material • they are teaching topics which could create unusual activity on the filtering logs • there is failure in the software or abuse of the system • there are perceived unreasonable restrictions that affect teaching and learning or administrative tasks • they notice abbreviations or misspellings that allow access to restricted material <p>If the filtering and monitoring system alerts staff to a concern the following actions may be taken if necessary:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A discussion with the class teacher or supervising staff to ascertain wider context, such as a legitimate reason for the alert. 2. DSL or Deputy DSL informed, should there not be a valid reason for the flagged concern. 3. Incident logged on the safeguarding system CPOMS. 4. Following conversations with the child(ren), a consequence, increased monitoring or withdrawal of device use outside of the classroom. 5. Parents of the responsible child informed. 6. Additional teaching through e-safety and computing to address the issue. <p>Weekly SENS0 reports are analysed to ensure the filtering and monitoring systems are not unnecessarily preventing access to sites required for teaching and learning.</p>
<p>Have effective monitoring strategies that meet the safeguarding needs of your school</p>	<p>Monitoring user activity on school devices is an important part of providing a safe environment for children and staff. Unlike filtering, it does not stop users from accessing material through internet searches or software.</p> <p>Monitoring allows us to review user activity on school devices. For monitoring to be effective it must pick up incidents urgently, through alerts or observations,</p>

allowing us to take prompt action and record the outcome.

Our monitoring strategy is informed by the filtering and monitoring reviews reported via SENSO each week.

A variety of monitoring strategies are required to minimise safeguarding risks on internet connected devices and include:

- physically monitoring by staff in classes watching screens of users
- live supervision by staff on a console with device management software
- network monitoring using log files of internet traffic and web access
- individual device monitoring through software or third-party services

In particular reference to iPads, monitoring is not provided by SENSO therefore children's use is monitored closely by supervising staff.

Internet-enabled mobile phones and handheld devices

More and more young people have access to sophisticated new internet-enabled devices such as SMART mobile phones, tablets and music players. It is important that whilst the school recognises the potential advantages these devices can offer, there are clear and enforceable rules for their use in school, particularly when they give access to the Internet, and allow pictures and information to be remotely posted to a website or weblog.

- Pupils will be taught the legal and moral implications of posting photos and personal information from mobile phones to public websites etc and how the data protection and privacy laws apply.
- Pupils are not allowed to have personal mobile phones or other similar devices in school. Parents may request that such devices are kept at the School Office for pupils who may need them on their journey to and from school.
- Staff agree and sign an Acceptable Use Agreement at the start of the academic year that includes the use of mobile phones and other devices.

Passwords policy

- This school makes it clear that staff and pupils must always keep their password private, must not share it with others and must not leave it where others can find.
- All staff have their own unique username and private passwords to access school systems. Staff are responsible for keeping their password private.
- We require staff to use strong passwords.
- We require staff to change their passwords every 90 days.
- Each class have a Username and Password that changes every term.
- Pupils are taught what constitutes a strong password as part of their computing curriculum.

MONITORING AND INCIDENT HANDLING

At High Ercall there is strict monitoring and application of the E-safety policy and a differentiated and appropriate range of sanctions, though it is extremely rare that sanctions are needed.

- All members and its wider community are encouraged to be vigilant in reporting issues, in the confidence that issues will be dealt with quickly and sensitively, through the school's escalation processes.

- On discovery of an e-safety incident, the E-safety Coordinator is informed and they work with the DSL to review the information and conduct a thorough investigation. This could include: evaluating the offending content online; talking to the class teacher, support staff and the child/children or using SENSO (our online monitoring system) to gain insight into the incident.
- Support is actively sought from other agencies as needed (e.g. the local authority, IT support, UK Safer Internet Centre helpline, police) in dealing with e-safety issues.
- Monitoring and reporting of e-safety incidents takes place and contribute to developments in policy and practice in e-safety within the school. The records are reviewed/audited and reported to the school's senior leaders, Governors /the LA. The Computing/E-safety Coordinator and Head Teacher keep the records of e-safety incidents.
- Parents/carers are specifically informed of e-safety incidents involving young people for whom they are responsible.
- We will contact the Police if one of our staff or pupils receives online communication that we consider is particularly disturbing or breaks the law.
- Any safeguarding incidents are reported to Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) Mrs Roberts or to Mrs Lingham (Deputy Safeguarding Lead)

REVIEW AND MONITORING

- The E-safety policy is referenced from within other school policies: Computing policy, Child Protection policy, Anti-Bullying policy, Behaviour policy, Personal, Social and Health Education policy and in the School Development Plan.
- The school has an E-safety and Computing Coordinator who will be responsible for document ownership, review, and updates.
- The E-safety Policy will be reviewed annually or when any significant changes occur regarding the technologies in use within the school.
- The E-safety policy has been written by the school E-safety and Computing Coordinator and is current and appropriate for its intended audience and purpose.
- There is widespread ownership of the policy and it has been agreed by the SLT and approved by Governors. All amendments to the school E-safety policy will be discussed in detail with all members of teaching staff.
- We use an online safety self-review tool, 360 safe, to review and monitor our e-safety policy and procedure. This is reviewed annually to ensure we are up to date with this rapidly changing area.

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

All staff have undertaken GDPR, safeguarding and e-safety training and have the opportunity to partake in extra training to further their professional development. All staff sign an Acceptable Use Agreement at the start of each academic year. This can be found on our website or parents can request a hard copy from the school office.